system, or other more expeditious and verifiable means to all dealers and distributors of the product that are known to the manufacturer.

(iii) In those cases where a manufacturer of motor vehicles or items of motor vehicle equipment provided the recalled product(s) to a group of dealers or distributors through a central office, notification to that central office will be deemed to be notice to all dealers and distributors within that group.

(iv) In those cases in which a manufacturer of motor vehicles or items of motor vehicle equipment has provided the recalled product to independent dealers through independent distributors, the manufacturer may satisfy its notification responsibilities by providing the information required under this section to its distributors. In such cases, the manufacturer must also instruct those distributors to transmit a copy of the manufacturer's notification to known distributors and retail outlets along the distribution chain within five working days from its receipt.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c)(1) of this section, where the recall is being conducted pursuant to an order issued by the Administrator under 49 U.S.C. 30118(b), notification required by \$577.13 shall be given on or before the date prescribed in the Administrator's order.

[41 FR 56816, Dec. 30, 1976, as amended at 60 FR 17271, Apr. 5, 1995; 69 FR 34959, June 23, 2004; 70 FR 38814, July 6, 2005; 78 FR 51422, Aug. 20, 2013; 79 FR 43678, July 28, 2014]

§ 577.8 Disclaimers.

(a) A notification sent pursuant to §§ 577.5, 577.6, 577.9 or 577.10 regarding a defect which relates to motor vehicle safety shall not, except as specifically provided in this part, contain any statement or implication that there is no defect, that the defect does not relate to motor vehicle safety, or that the defect is not present in the owner's or lessee's vehicle or item of replacement equipment. This section also applies to any notification sent to a lessor or directly to a lessee by a manufacturer.

(b) A notification sent pursuant to §§ 577.5, 577.6, 577.9 or 577.10 regarding a noncompliance with an applicable

motor vehicle safety standard shall not, except as specifically provided in this part, contain any statement or implication that there is not a noncompliance, or that the noncompliance is not present in the owner's or lessee's vehicle or item of replacement equipment. This section also applies to any notification sent to a lessor or directly to a lessee by a manufacturer.

[60 FR 17272, Apr. 5, 1995]

§ 577.9 Conformity to statutory requirements.

A notification that does not conform to the requirements of this part is a violation of the Act.

§ 577.10 Follow-up notification.

(a) If, based on quarterly reports submitted pursuant to §573.7 of this part or other available information, the Administrator decides that a notification of a safety-related defect of a noncompliance with a Federal motor vehicle safety standard sent by a manufacturer has not resulted in an adequate number of vehicles or items of equipment being returned for remedy, the Administrator may direct the manufacturer to send a follow-up notification in accordance with this section. The scope, timing, form, and content of such follow-up notification will be established by the Administrator, in consultation with the manufacturer, to maximize the number of owners, purchasers, and lessees who will present their vehicles or items of equipment for remedy.

- (b) The Administrator may consider the following factors in deciding whether or not to require a manufacturer to undertake a follow-up notification campaign:
- (1) The percentage of covered vehicles or items of equipment that have been presented for the remedy;
- (2) The amount of time that has elapsed since the prior notification(s);
- (3) The likelihood that a follow-up notification will increase the number of vehicles or items of equipment receiving the remedy:
- (4) The seriousness of the safety risk from the defect or noncompliance;

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- (5) Whether the prior notification(s) undertaken by the manufacturer complied with the requirements of the statute and regulations; and
- (6) Such other factors as are consistent with the purpose of the statute.
- (c) A manufacturer shall be required to provide a follow-up notification under this section only with respect to vehicles or items of equipment that have not been returned for remedy pursuant to the prior notification(s).
- (d) Except where the Administrator determines otherwise, the follow-up notification shall be sent to the same categories of recipients that received the prior notification(s).
- (e) A follow-up notification must include:
- (1) A statement that identifies it as a follow-up to an earlier communication;
- (2) A statement urging the recipient to present the vehicle or item of equipment for remedy; and
- (3) Except as determined by the Administrator, the information required to be included in the initial notification
- (f) The manufacturer shall mark the outside of each envelope in which it sends a follow-up notification in a manner which meets the requirements of §577.5(a) of this part.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, the Administrator may authorize the use of other media besides first-class mail for a follow-up notification.

[60 FR 17272, Apr. 5, 1995, as amended at 68 FR 18142, Apr. 15, 2003]

§ 577.11 Reimbursement notification.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e) of this section, when a manufacturer of motor vehicles or replacement equipment is required to provide notice in accordance with §§ 577.5 or 577.6, in addition to complying with other sections of this part, the manufacturer shall notify owners that they may be eligible to receive reimbursement for the cost of obtaining a pre-notification remedy of a problem associated with a defect or noncompliance consistent with the manufacturer's reimbursement plan submitted to NHTSA pursuant to §§573.6(c)(8)(i) and 573.13 of this chapter.

- (b) The manufacturer's notification shall include a statement, following the items required by §577.5 or §577.6,
- (1) Refers to the possible eligibility for reimbursement for the cost of repair or replacement; and
- (2) Describes how a consumer may obtain information about reimbursement from the manufacturer:
- (c) The information referred to in §577.11(b)(2) of this part shall be provided in one of the following ways:
- (1) In an enclosure to the notification under \$577.5 or \$577.6 that provides the information described in \$577.11(d), consistent with the manufacturer's reimbursement plan; or
- (2) Through a toll-free telephone number (with TTY capability) identified in the notification that provides the information described in §577.11(d), consistent with the manufacturer's reimbursement plan.
- (3) For notifications of defects or noncompliances in item of motor vehicle equipment that are in a form other than a letter to a specific owner or purchaser, if the manufacturer does not otherwise maintain a toll-free telephone number for the use of consumers, the manufacturer may refer claimants to a non-toll-free telephone number (with TTY capability) if it also specifies a mailing address at which owners can obtain the relevant information regarding the manufacturer's reimbursement plan.
- (d) The information to be provided under paragraph (c) of this section must:
- (1) Identify the vehicle and/or equipment that is the subject of the recall and the underlying problem;
- (2) State that the manufacturer has a program for reimbursing pre-notification remedies and identify the type of remedy eligible for reimbursement;
- (3) Identify any limits on the time period in which the repair or replacement of the recalled vehicle or equipment must have occurred;
- (4) Identify any restrictions on eligibility for reimbursement that the manufacturer is imposing (as limited by §573.13 (d) of this chapter):
- (5) Specify all necessary documentation that must be submitted to obtain reimbursement: